# House File 147 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 147 BY MASCHER

# A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act requiring consumer labeling information for food, and
- 2 including penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

### H.F. 147

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 189B.1 Short title.
- 2 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Consumer
- 3 Labeling Information for Food Act".
- 4 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 189B.2 Purpose.
- 5 The purpose of this chapter is to allow Iowans greater
- 6 access to information about the food they and their families
- 7 consume, recognizing that such information is indispensable to
- 8 the exercise of informed consumer choice in a free and open
- 9 marketplace.
- 10 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 189B.3 Definitions.
- 11 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 12 requires:
- 13 1. "Department" means the department of agriculture and land
- 14 stewardship.
- 15 2. "Food item" means any raw, cooked, or processed edible
- 16 substance used or intended for use or sale in whole or in part
- 17 for human consumption.
- 18 3. "Genetic engineering" means the process of altering an
- 19 organism's genetic material by the application of in vitro
- 20 nucleic acid techniques or the fusion of cells in a manner
- 21 that does not occur by natural multiplication or natural
- 22 recombination.
- 23 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 189B.4 Labeling standards.
- 24 1. a. A person manufacturing a packaged food item shall
- 25 disclose whether the food item was or may have been subjected
- 26 to genetic engineering when produced.
- 27 b. A person selling an unpackaged food item on a retail
- 28 basis shall disclose whether the food item was or may have been
- 29 subjected to genetic engineering when produced.
- 30 2. The disclosure required in subsection 1 shall be printed
- 31 on a label. To every extent possible, the label shall be
- 32 placed in a clear and conspicuous manner on or in proximity to
- 33 the food item.
- 34 a. The label for a packaged food item shall resemble a
- 35 label listing food ingredients required for that food item or

## H.F. 147

- 1 comparable food item pursuant to 21 C.F.R. pt. 101.
- 2 b. The label for an unpackaged food item shall be consistent
- 3 with the labeling for bulk containers as provided in 21 C.F.R.
- 4 §101.100 et seq.
- 5 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 189B.5 Exception for small businesses.
- 6 This chapter does not apply to a person who is a small
- 7 business as defined in section 15.102.
- 8 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 189B.6 Rules.
- 9 The department shall adopt rules as necessary to implement
- 10 and enforce this chapter. The department may adopt rules
- ll establishing labeling standards for specific food items, or a
- 12 category of food items, that differ from the labeling standards
- 13 provided in section 189B.4 as long as such standards provide
- 14 reasonable notice to the consumer of the information required
- 15 to be disclosed pursuant to that section.
- 16 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 189B.7 Penalties.
- 1. A person manufacturing a packaged food item who fails to
- 18 comply with the labeling standards in section 189B.4 is subject
- 19 to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for
- 20 each packaged food item that is unlabeled and ultimately sold
- 21 or offered for sale on a retail basis in this state. However,
- 22 the person shall not be subject to a civil penalty of more
- 23 than ten thousand dollars for the sale or offer for sale of a
- 24 single manufactured lot of packaged food items, if the person
- 25 did not know that the packaged food items were subjected to
- 26 genetic engineering or the failure to comply with the labeling
- 27 standards was due to a malfunction of the manufacturing process
- 28 or inadvertence.
- 29 2. A person selling or offering to sell an unpackaged
- 30 food item on a retail basis and who fails to comply with
- 31 the labeling standards in section 189B.4 is subject to a
- 32 civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for each
- 33 unpackaged food item that is unlabeled and sold or offered
- 34 for sale on a retail basis in this state. However, the
- 35 person shall not be subject to a civil penalty of more than

## H.F. 147

1 one thousand dollars for the sale or offer for sale of a

2 single container of unpackaged food items, if the person did

3 not know that the unpackaged food items were subjected to

4 genetic engineering or the failure to comply with the labeling

5 standards was due to inadvertence.

6 EXPLANATION

7 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.

This bill requires food items to be labeled with information 10 that identifies the food items as genetically modified. 11 department of agriculture and land stewardship is responsible 12 for administering and enforcing the bill's provisions. 13 person manufacturing a packaged food item must disclose whether 14 it was or may have been subjected to genetic engineering 15 when produced, and a person selling an unpackaged food item 16 on a retail basis must disclose whether it was or may have 17 been subjected to genetic engineering when produced. 18 disclosure must appear on a printed label and either affixed 19 to a packaged food item or placed near a container holding 20 unpackaged food items. The label must be based on federal 21 ingredient labeling standards unless the department establishes 22 alternative standards. The bill creates an exception for a 23 small business which has either fewer than 20 employees or 24 an annual gross income of less than \$4 million. A person 25 manufacturing a packaged food item who fails to comply with 26 the labeling standards, or a person selling or offering to 27 sell an unpackaged food item on a retail basis and who fails 28 to comply with the labeling standards, is subject to civil 29 penalties. The civil penalty equals \$100 per food item that is 30 not labeled in compliance with the bill's provisions. However, 31 under certain circumstances a manufacturer's civil penalty is 32 capped at \$10,000 for the sale or offer for sale of a single 33 manufactured lot of packaged food items and a retail dealer's 34 civil penalty is capped at \$1,000 for the sale or offer for

35 sale of a single container of unpackaged food items.